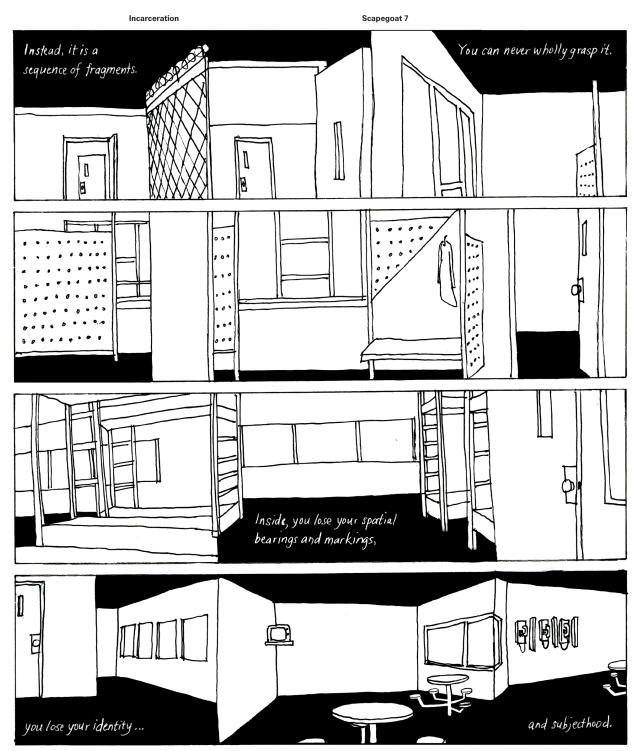
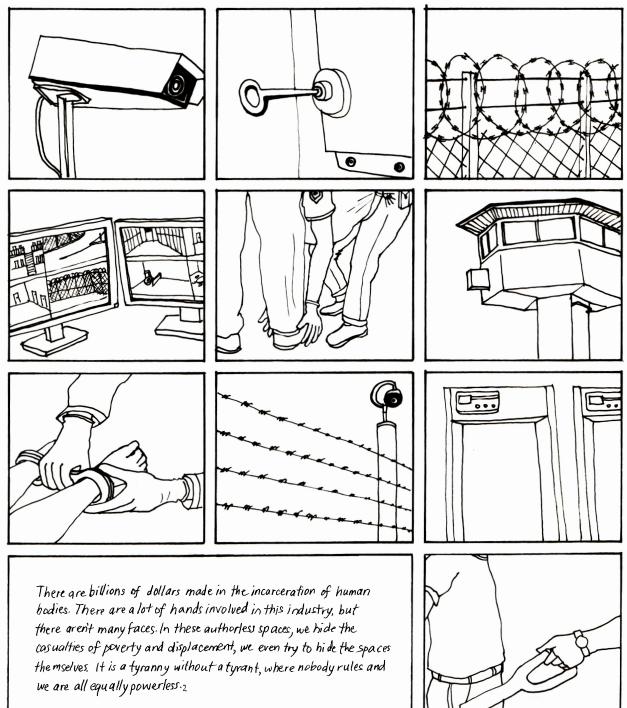
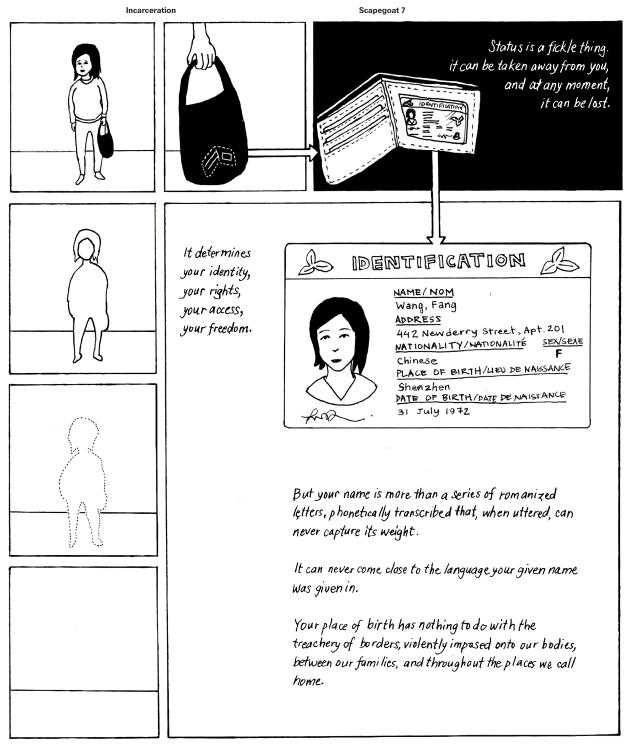


Based on description by Susan Rosenberg, interviewed by Brett Story in CBC Ideas "Alone Inside" (2013)

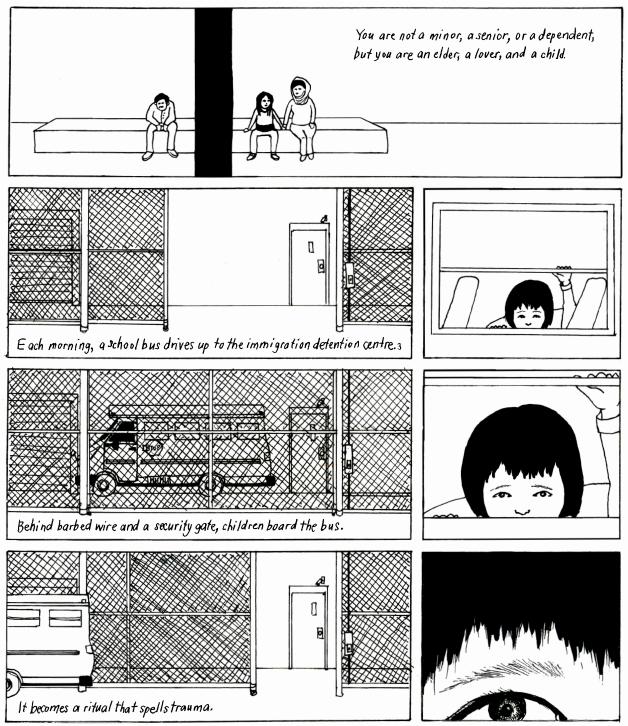


Hannah Arendt in "Reflections on Violence," New York Review of Books (1969)



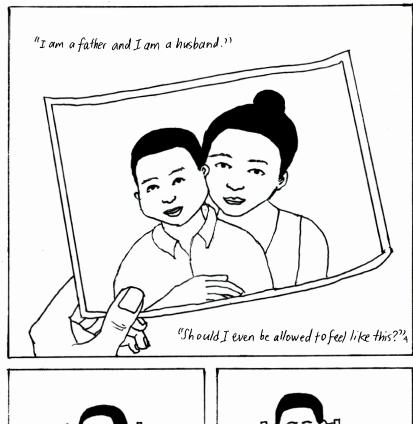


Interview with Macdonald Scott, immigration legal consultant and member of No One Is Illegal - Toronto



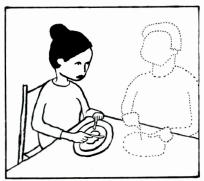
Incarceration

There is an immigration detainee on hunger strike for over sixty days in protest of indefinite detention. Held for 28 months in a maximum security prison without charge or trial, he said, "I missed three of my sons birthdays, I missed three anniversaries with my wife ... I cannot see myself here being detained indefinitely and thinking about them. That will drive me crazy. So I have to keep it out of sight and out of mind. How inhumane is that?"



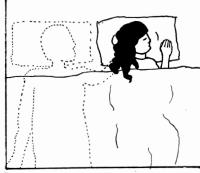
Scapegoat 7





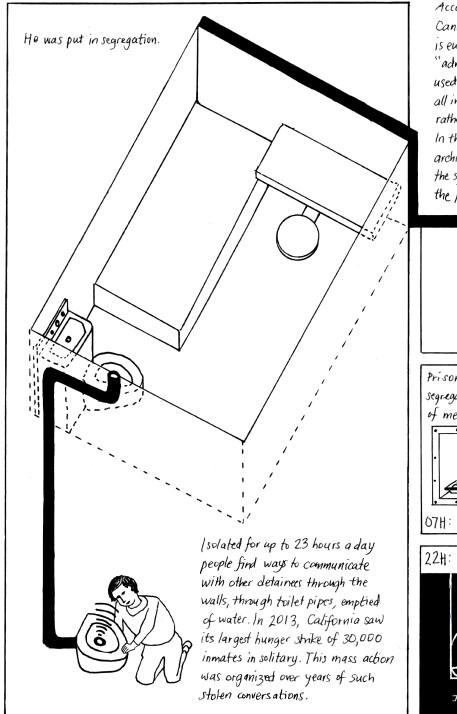




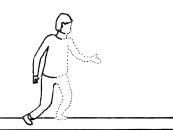




Amin Mjasiri, interview by End Immigration Detention Network (2013)



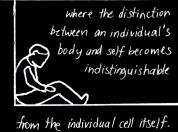
According to Corrections Canada, solitary confinement is euphemistically called "administrative segregation," used to ensure the "safety of all inmates, staff, and visitors," rather than for punitive reasons. In the control of bodies, architecture manages risk, so that the system never has to confront the power of inmates.



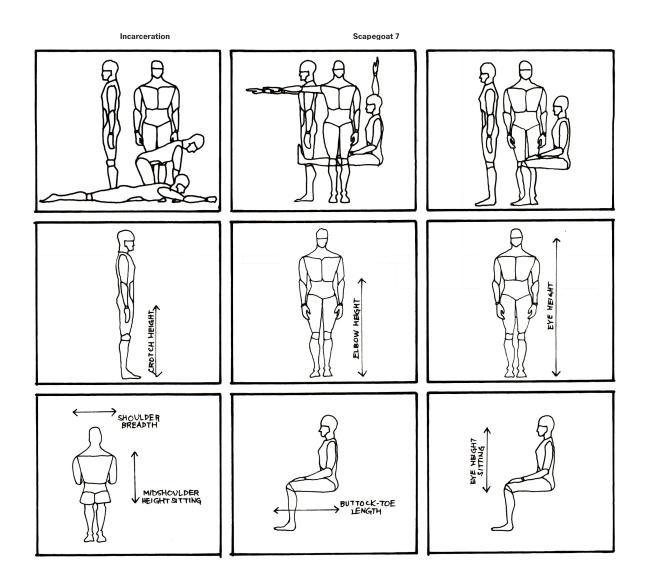
trisoners held in prolonged segregation speak about the feeling of merging with the walls...5

OTH: WAKE UP

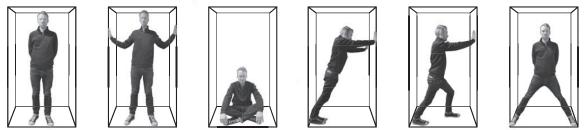
22H: LIGHTS OUT



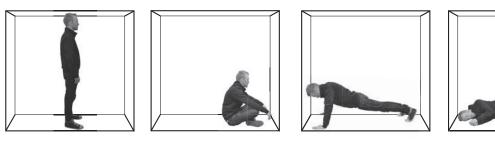
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Accordingly, the modern cell is based on the idea of the modern individual, the minimum social unit to which everything is scaled. From the automobile to the micro-condominium, the secure housing unit to the hospital cubicle, our bodies are standardized and our needs, guantified.



The minimum habitable space for an incarcerated individual is measured.



2 square metres of floor area

and 3.5 cubic metre of air space.6





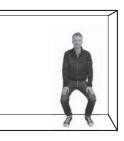




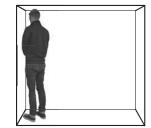










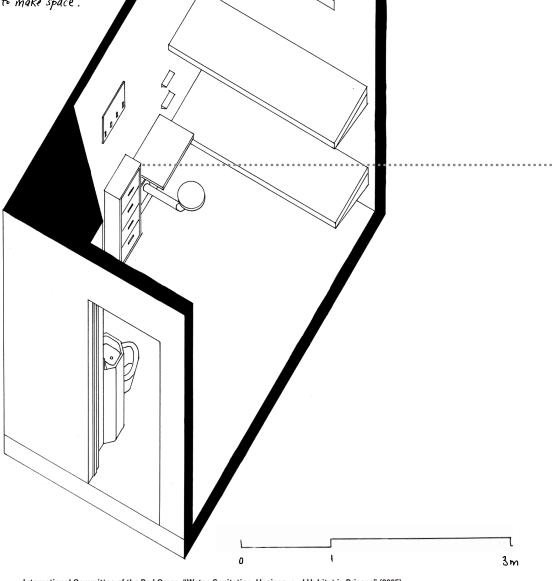


In this volume, the contents of your life are caged. But not every human action can be programmed or predicted, Our bodies always find ways to carve out space, to refocus our attention from the geometry to the lived experience, from the container to the contained.

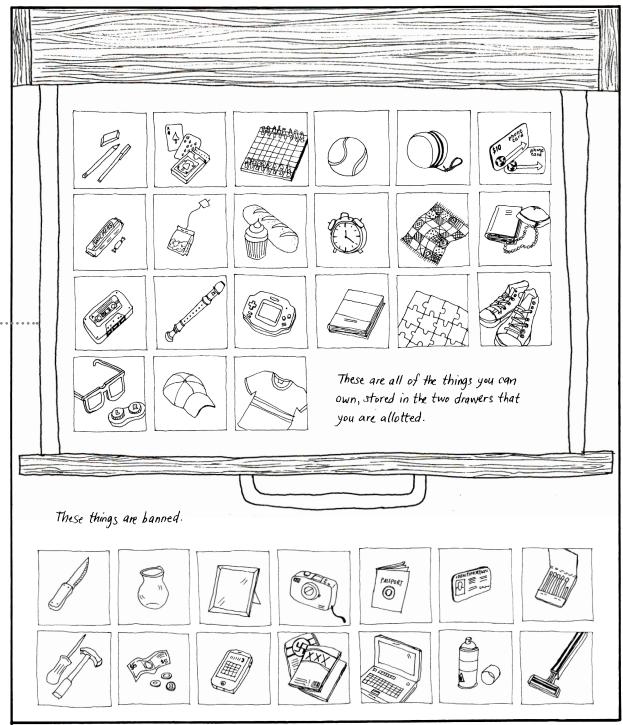
Incarceration

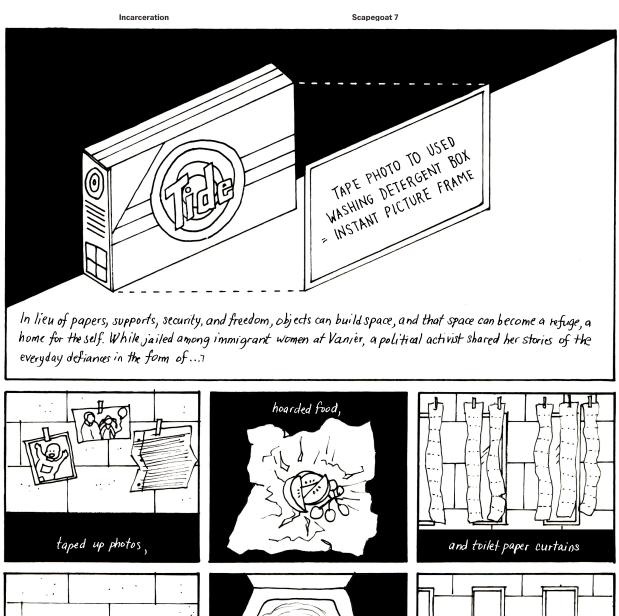
Scapegoat 7

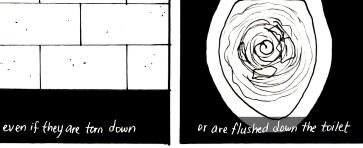
Amongst bolted down stainless steel furniture, cold concrete floors, frosted narrow windows, and under a routine as fixed as the fixtures embedded into the walls, detainees find ways to make space.



International Committee of the Red Cross, "Water, Sanitation, Hygiene, and Habitat in Prisons" (2005)

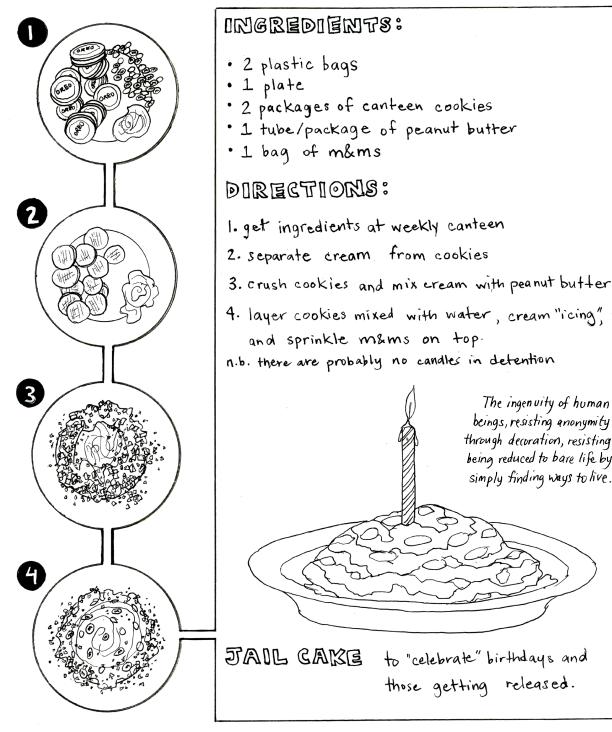




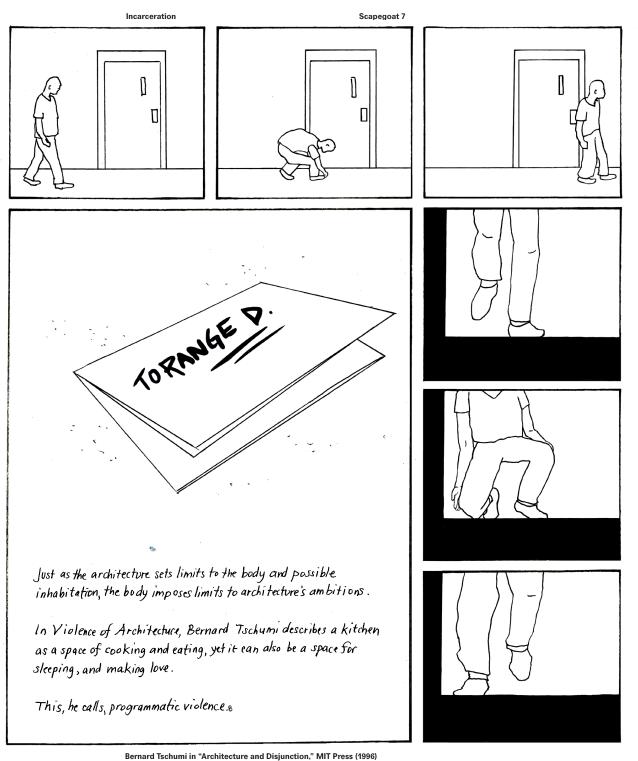




Interview with Mandy Hiscocks, see boredbutnotbroken.tao.ca



The ingenuity of human beings, resisting anonymity through decoration, resisting being reduced to bare life by simply finding ways to live.

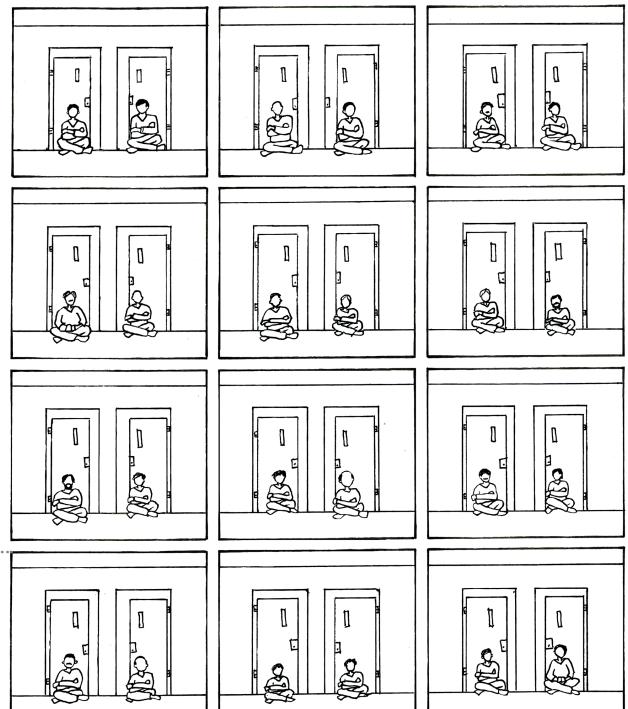




"I figured out how many miles it was, how many footsteps in a mile and pacing back and forth in my cell, I would count the steps ... Some days, I collect bugs ... In my mind ... I am demonstrating this is the environment you put me in, I'm locked away in the darkest dungeon and there's 22 bugs coming down to visit me ... that's my biggest company." Gregory McMaster, quoted in "Alone Inside" on CBC Ideas (2013).



Learn more about the strike and ongoing campaign: www.endimmigrationdetention.com



Incarceration

Scapegoat 7

The preceding pages are an excerpt from the recently published book, Undocumented: The Architecture of Migrant Detention (The Architecture Observer, 2014). Every year, thousands of people are detained for administrative/immigration purposes in designated "holding centres" and provincial prisons across the country—they are held indefinitely, without charge or trial. On any given day, hundreds of women, men, and children are locked up, primarily poor people of colour from the global South whose mobility is increasingly criminalized and illegalized. This work draws its inspiration from ongoing migrant justice struggles in solidarity with migrants held in detention in Lindsay, Ontario's Central East Correctional Centre. Stories are based on collective organizing work through No One Is Illegal— Toronto and the End Immigration Detention Network and research completed for a Master of Architecture thesis at the University of Toronto. For more information about the book and campaign, please visit www.undocumented.ca and www.endimmigrationdetention.com.